

# Hudson Institute Initiative on Future Innovation: An Overview

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#### **Hudson Institute**

- Founded by Herman Kahn, 1961
- Future and market-oriented policy research that promotes security, prosperity, and freedom
- Specializing in integrated research strategy, international affairs, economics, demographics, and technology
- Unconventional and strategic

## Hudson Policy Achievements

- "Thinking about the Unthinkable" (1961)
- n Rise of Asia (1962)
- n Civil defense (early 1960s)
- n Workforce 2000 (1987)
- n Revolution in Military Affairs (1988)
- n Wisconsin Works welfare reform (1994)
- n U.S.-Japan-India trilateral relations (2005)
- Privatization of Development Assistance (2006)

## Innovation Agenda

- Review of academic literature and current debates
- Outreach to advisory board and industry leaders
- Original research and workshops
- Public conferences
- Briefings, publications, op-eds

# Preliminary Findings

- Slowing pace of technological innovation--outside IT, energy
- But IT, energy innovations have large, wide-ranging potential
- Cost inflation, declining productivity in education
- Decline in new-business formation
- Increased uncertainty throughout business community
- Strong support for government support for basic research but questions over productivity of grant-making methods
- "Status quo bias" in public and private sectors inhibits practical deployment of new science and technology

### Innovation Drivers and Barriers

#### **Drivers:**

- n Democratic values
- Free enterprise
- Entrepreneurial culture
- Openness to new ideas
- Excellence in education
- Competitive finance, IP
- Good government:
  - n Sound public finance
  - n Support basic research and "innovation infrastructure"
  - wide berth to private markets

#### Barriers:

- Mental complacency
- Educated incompetence
- Entrenched bureaucracy (private and public)
- n Status-quo bias
- n Government barriers:
  - FDA (new drugs, devices)
  - FCC (spectrum)
  - Immigration
  - Politicized finance
  - Tax, regulatory policies that punish risk-taking

## Innovation and the US Economy

- Technological innovation a key source of economic growth and social progress throughout our history
- Economic performance poor since 2008 financial collapse
- Per capita GDP, median income, and total factor productivity had grown more slowly since 1970s
- Two schools of thought:
  - n Pessimists—future pace of technological innovation and economic growth will be slower than 1800-1970 norms
  - n Optimists—future pace of innovation unknowable; IT and energy innovations likely to spur innovation in many other fields

### Premises and Heuristics

- Government has legitimate, important role in innovation
- Successful policies of other nations may not be good for US
- Don't suppress global diffusion of US innovations (except for national security)
- Innovation policy is separate from trade policy
- Government should specialize in promoting:
  - Major advances in pure ideas, natural discovery, physical invention
  - Rapid deployment of new ideas and technologies
  - Overcoming status-quo bias and political-bureaucratic resistance to innovation
  - Public and private finance for genuine investment, not consumption

## Research Topics

- 1. Technological Innovation and Economic Growth
- 2. American Accomplishment Today
- з. Innovation in Higher Education: Technology, Institutions and Finance
- 4. Three Opportunities for Dramatically Accelerated Innovation—Wireless Communications, Air Transportation, and Medical Drugs and Devices
- 5. Innovation and Entrepreneurship
- 6. Real Crowdsourcing: Information and Prediction Markets
- 7. Clearing the Path from Ideas to Applications
- 8. Financing Innovation
- 9. Government Support for Science and Technology
- 10. Politics versus Science in Energy Innovation

# Advisory Board

- Marie-Josée Kravis, Hudson Institute
- Eric Schmidt, Google
- n George Scangos, Biogen-IDEC
- Peter Thiel, PayPal/Facebook
- Marc Tessier-Lavigne, Rockefeller U.
- n Paul Singer, Elliott Management
- Craig Mundie, Microsoft
- n Ray Johnson, Lockheed Martin

# **Project Staff**

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- n David Tell, Senior Fellow Editor; former White House speechwriter and former editorial editor, The Weekly Standard